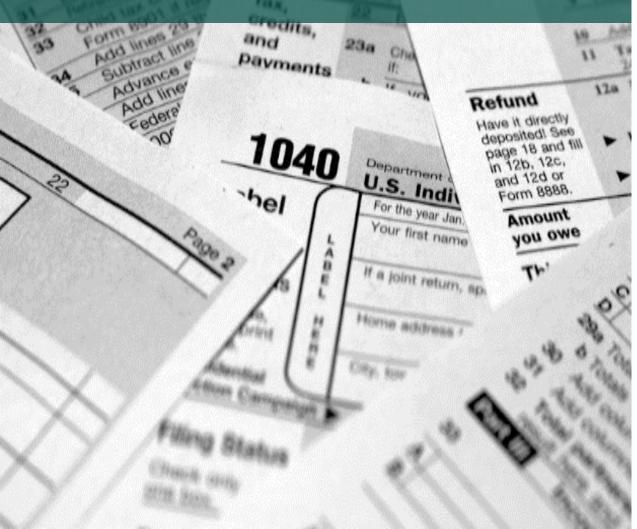
Estates, Gifts and Trusts: Finding Comfort in an Uncomfortable Time



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Agenda

- Current environment and opportunity
- 2. Estate planning documents
- 3. Beneficiary designations and titling of assets
- 4. Exemptions for estate, gift and generation skipping tax
- 5. Estate planning opportunities



Uncertainty

- Personal uncertainty
- Future uncertainty
- Overwhelming impact:
 - Our families
 - Health care system
 - Education system
 - Economy



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Opportunity

- To be prepared for the unexpected
- To take control of your life and the well-being of your family
- To gain peace of mind



Review Your Estate Documents

- Last Will and Testament
- Power of Attorney for Health Care
- Living will
- Financial Power of Attorney



Review Beneficiary Designations

- Certain assets have beneficiary designations which override provisions in a will
 - Life insurance policies
 - Certain pensions such as an IRA, 401k, 403(b) or SEP plans



Review How Your Assets Are Titled

- How are your assets titled?
 - Joint
 - Joint with rights of survivorship
 - Individually
 - Tenants in common
- Does it make sense? Does it accomplish what is intended?

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Estate Planning Opportunities

- Asset values have declined
- Interest rates are at a historical low
- Estate, gift and generation skipping tax exemptions are high

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Exemptions

- Annual gift tax exclusion is \$15,000 per person
- Exemption for estate tax, gift tax and generation skipping transfer tax is \$11.58 million (married is \$23.16 million). Reverts back to \$5 million (adjusted for inflation) at end of 2025
 - Exemption can go lower before 2025 depending upon congress and the November elections
 - Keep in mind a taxable estate in excess of the exemption amount is taxed at 40%

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• IRS has stated there will be no clawback of exemption



Take Advantage of Low Interest Rates

Applicable Federal Rates June 2020

- Short-term rate (loans with maturities of 3 years or less 18%
- Mid-term rate (loans with maturities more than 3 years but not more than 9 years – .43%
- Long-term rate (loans with maturities of more than 9 years) 1.01%
- Applicable Section 7520 rate .6%



Take Advantage of Lower Values

- Asset values have declined
 - Stock market is still down from its high in mid-February
 - Real estate values may have declined
 - Values of closely held businesses have declined
- Lower values means:
 - You can gift more away and use less of your lifetime exemption
 - Can offer greater value to recipients as valuations recover in the future



Take Advantage of Lower Values

Discounts

- Discounts available under the current law may enable you to reduce the transferred fair market value even lower
- If properly structured, real estate, stock of closely held businesses and even marketable securities can be discounted
- Discounts can go as high as 45%
- Common discounts are for lack of control and lack of marketability



Intra-Family Loans

Planning

- Refinancing existing intra-family loans at lower rate
- Making loans to family members or a trust for their benefit:
 - Used to purchase assets or assist family members in need of liquidity

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Used by younger family members to invest in assets

***Current AFRs June 2020	
Less than 3 years	.18%
4 to 9 years	.43%
Greater than 9 years	1.01%



Take Advantage of Lower Values

Gifting

- Annual exclusion for 2020 is \$15,000 to any individual (\$30,000 for married couple who elect gift splitting)
- Large gifts of assets with depressed values to take advantage of the large exemptions existing now



Grantor Trust

- Many variations and names for grantor trusts. There are concerns that some of these rules could be eliminated
- Gift to grantor trust
 - All income and deductions pass through to the creator of trust (Grantor)
 - The Grantor pays tax out of their personal assets. This allows the income and appreciation in the trust to grow tax free
 - Additional benefit of trust is asset protection from the beneficiaries creditors including divorcing spouses if drafted properly
 - Asset valuation discounts may apply



Sale to an IDGT

Sale to an Intentionally Defective Grantor Trust

- Sell an asset to the trust for an interest only promissory note with a balloon payment due after a set period of time
- Trust required to have assets prior to sale. Usually 10% of the value of the assets sold
- Commonly used for business interests, real estate and other investment assets
- No gain or loss recognized on the sale. In effect a sale to yourself
- Trust income is taxed to you



Sale to an IDGT (continued)

Sale to an Intentionally Defective Grantor Trust

- Removes asset from your estate at the time of the sale
- Asset valuation discounts may apply
- Future appreciation is in the trust and outside of your estate
- Promissory note is at the AFR
- Goal is for the asset to have appreciated enough to pay off the note
- If you die before the note is paid off, only the balance due on the note is included in your estate
- Consider using self-cancelling installment notes



GRATs

Grantor Retained Annuity Trust (GRAT)

- Transfer assets to an irrevocable trust in exchange for an annuity for a set period of time usually two to ten years
- Annuity payment is combination of:
 - · Partial return of principal, and
 - Interest calculated at the Section 7520 rate (June 2020 .6%)
- At end of term the trust beneficiaries receive the remaining trust assets
- For GRAT to be successful the trust assets must appreciate more than the value of the interest payments



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GRATs (continued)

GRAT

- Let's say we have a two year "zeroed out GRAT"
- This means that the GRAT pays back the full value of the assets transferred and the minimum required interest rate in two years
- The IRS's defined rate of return for a GRAT created in June 2020 is .6%
- This means that if the GRAT's assets appreciate in value greater than .6%, that appreciation passes on to the beneficiaries of the trust

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- There is no reduction in your estate or gift tax exemption
- Growth in assets is tax free gift to trust



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Spousal Lifetime Access Trust (SLAT)

- Use if concerned that your family might need access to the assets
- Married couple
- Spouse (1), with assets in their own name, transfer assets to the trust for the benefit of spouse (2) and children
- Permits spouse (2) through trustee to have access to the income and principal
- Trust is attractive because of the control of the cash flow. Probably not a good idea if divorce is a concern
- Take advantage of the high estate, gift and GST exemptions



Charitable Lead Annuity Trusts (CLATs)

- Grantor transfers assets to a trust
- Charity receives an annuity for a term of years
- At the termination of the trust, remaining assets pass through to the beneficiaries
- Value of annuity is based upon the IRS determined rate. A lower rate means a higher present value to the charity and a lower expected value to the beneficiaries
- The value of the gift is based upon the expected value to the beneficiaries



Conversion of Traditional IRA to a Roth IRA

- Lower values minimizes the ordinary income taxes on the conversion
- Allows future appreciation to occur tax free in the Roth IRA
- Distributions from the Roth IRA will be tax free
- Unlike a traditional IRA, Roth IRAs are not subject to the required minimum distribution rule beginning at age 72



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Rich has extensive experience providing domestic and international tax planning and services to a variety of middle market companies and entrepreneurial businesses in a number of industries including manufacturing, distribution, real estate, financial, and professional services. He also has significant experience and expertise with high-net-worth individuals, investment companies and pass-through entities and has been involved in federal, state, and local tax audits, settlements, and appeals.



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